



2-Year Topline Results from the ARCH Study of Sevasemten in Adults with Becker Muscular Dystrophy

April 16, 2024



Forward looking statement

This presentation contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Statements in this presentation that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements regarding the potential of, and expectations regarding Edgewise's expectations relating to its clinical trials and clinical development of sevasemten; statements regarding the potential of, and expectations regarding, Edgewise's product candidates and programs, including EDG-5506 and EDG-7500; statements regarding Edgewise's milestones, including timing of data from its CANYON trial; statements regarding whether data from GRAND CANYON could support a marketing application; and statements by Edgewise's chief medical officer and Barry J. Byrne, M.D., Ph.D.. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "intends," "will," "goal," "potential" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein are based upon Edgewise's current expectations and involve assumptions that may never materialize or may prove to be incorrect. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statements due to numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: risks associated with the process of discovering, developing and commercializing drugs that are safe and effective for use as human therapeutics and operating as an early clinical stage company including the potential for Edgewise's product candidates to cause serious adverse events; Edgewise's ability to develop, initiate or complete clinical trials for, obtain approvals for and commercialize any of its product candidates; Edgewise's ability to take advantage of potential benefits associated with designations granted by FDA and/or to maintain qualifications for applicable designations over time; the timing, progress and results of clinical trials for EDG-5506 and EDG-7500; Edgewise's ability to enroll and maintain patients in clinical trials; Edgewise's ability to raise any additional funding it will need to continue to pursue its business and product development plans; the timing, scope and likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals; the potential for any clinical trial results to differ from preclinical, interim, preliminary, topline or expected results; the potential that the outcome of preclinical testing and early clinical trials may not be predictive of the success of later clinical trials; Edgewise's ability to develop a proprietary drug discovery platform to build a pipeline of product candidates; Edgewise's manufacturing, commercialization and marketing capabilities and strategy; the size of the market opportunity for Edgewise's product candidates; the loss of key scientific or management personnel; competition in the industry in which Edgewise operates; Edgewise's reliance on third parties; Edgewise's ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for its product candidates; general economic and market conditions; and other risks. Information regarding the foregoing and additional risks may be found in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in documents that Edgewise files from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this presentation, and Edgewise assumes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

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Dr. Kevin Koch

Chief Executive Officer



Dr. Joanne Donovan

Chief Medical Officer



Dr. Barry Byrne

*UF Health Center &
Powell Gene
Therapy Center*



AGENDA

1. Introduction to Edgewise Therapeutics
2. Contextualizing functional measurements in Becker
3. Results from the 2-year ARCH Becker trial
4. Opportunity in Becker
5. Closing remarks



Opening Remarks

Kevin Koch, CEO



**Leaders in muscle
disease science**

FOCUSED ON MUSCLE SCIENCE

- **Global leader** in muscle disease therapeutic development
- Deep knowledge of **integrated muscle physiology**
- Novel & holistic therapeutic approach to **protect muscle**

RAPIDLY ADVANCING PORTFOLIO

- Advancing **sevasemten** to become the foundational therapy for muscular dystrophies
- **Developing EDG-7500** to target select cardiovascular diseases
- Novel **cardiometabolic targets** in discovery

UNWAVERING PATIENT COMMITMENT

- **Mission-driven focus** on unmet needs in severe muscle conditions
- **Patients & families are critical voices** in all development programs

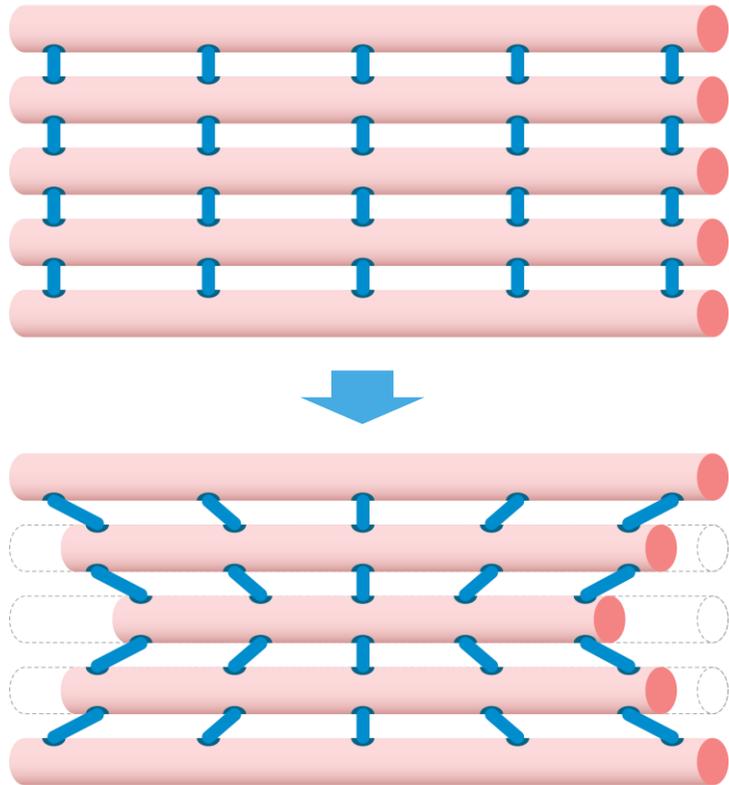
Our goal is to positively impact the course of Becker muscular dystrophy



- Becker is a severe, underappreciated condition with major unmet medical need and no standard of care
- No therapy has ever been approved specifically for Becker
- Can lead to relentlessly progressive loss of motor function
- Individuals with Becker lose mobility, function and independence in the prime of their lives

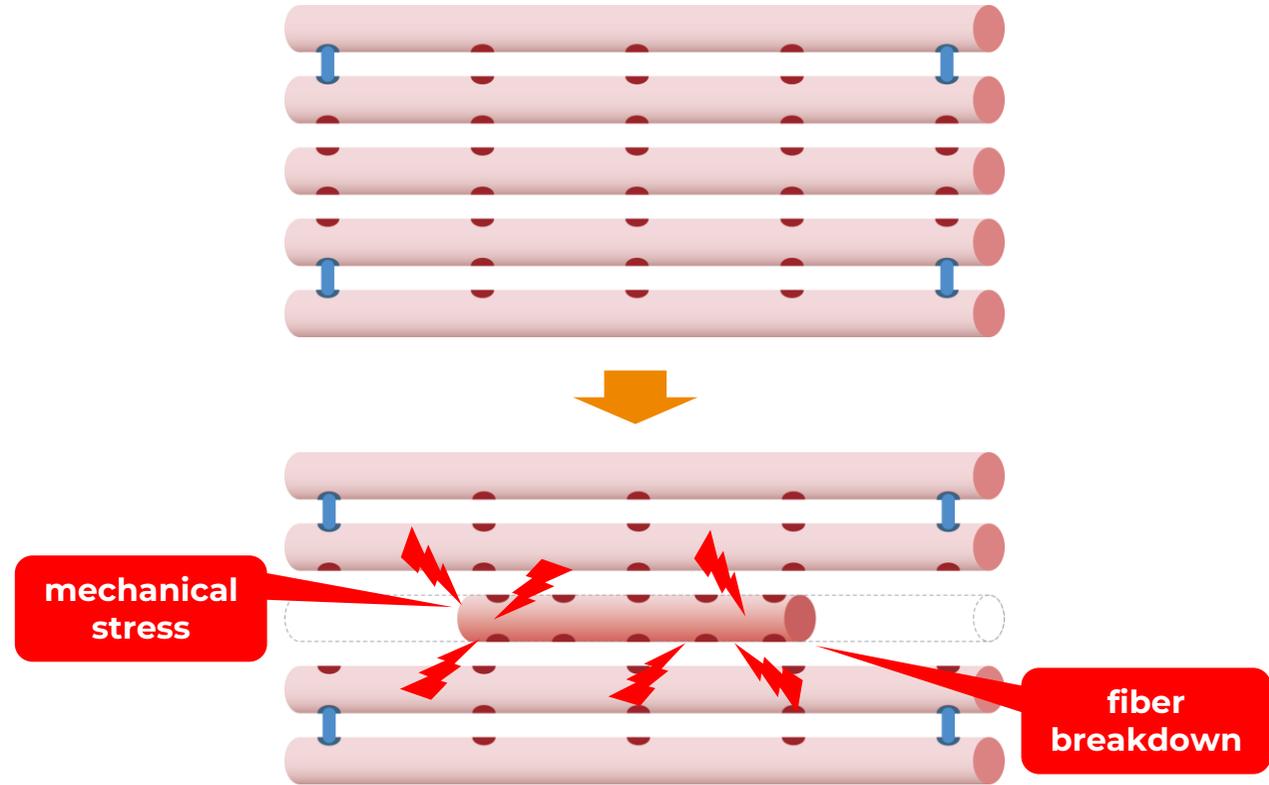
In Becker, fast muscle fibers are disproportionately injured by normal, everyday contractions

Healthy muscle contraction



Dystrophin connects contractile proteins to the membrane and surrounding matrix to protect against contraction-induced injury.

Becker muscle contraction



Contraction-induced muscle injuries occur in the absence of full-length dystrophin.

Sevasemten's protective effects against contraction-induced injury in dystrophic muscles demonstrated in *mdx* mouse models

Contracting at 100% without sevasemten



In *mdx* mouse muscle, even a few contractions cause visible injury

Contracting at 85% with sevasemten



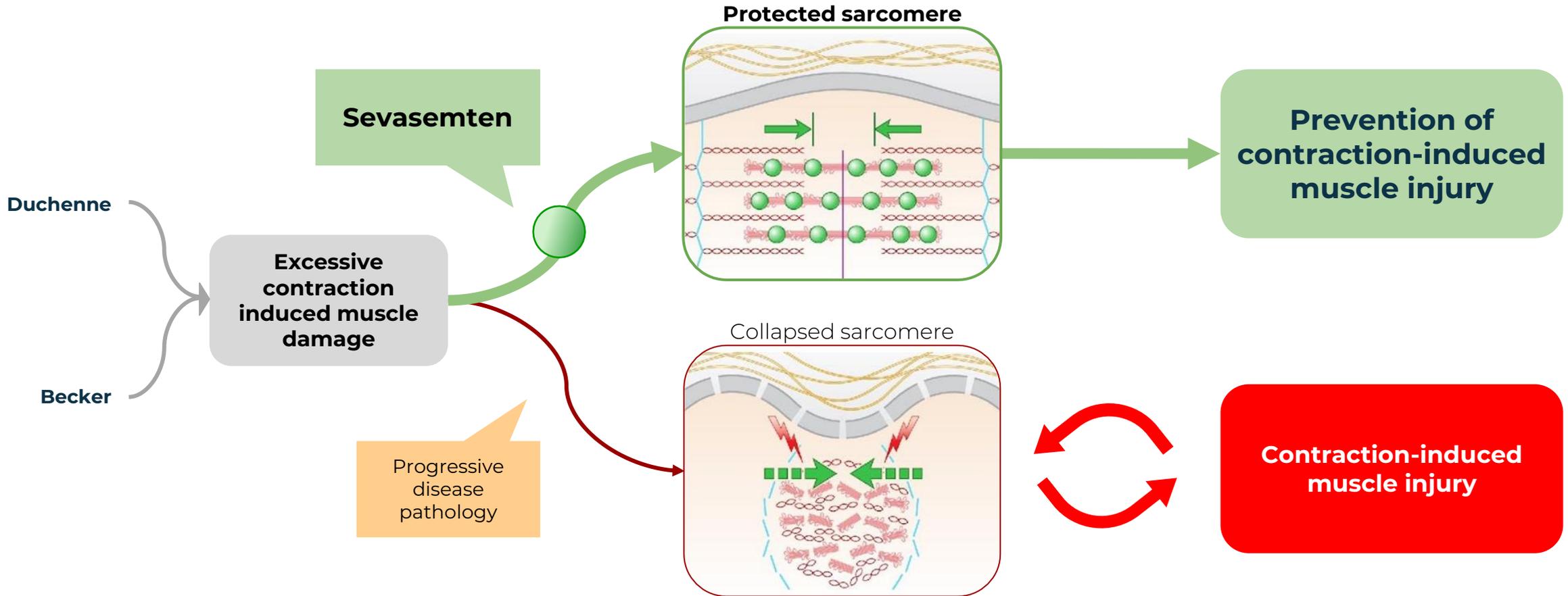
By minimally decreasing contraction while preserving function, contraction-induced injury is prevented

Both videos have been sped up 3x

Reference: Russell AJ, et al. J Clin Invest. 2023;133(10):e153837. doi:10.1172/JCI153837

Sevasemten: A first-in-class fast myofiber (type II) myosin inhibitor designed to protect against contraction-induced muscle injury

Sevasemten Therapeutic Hypothesis



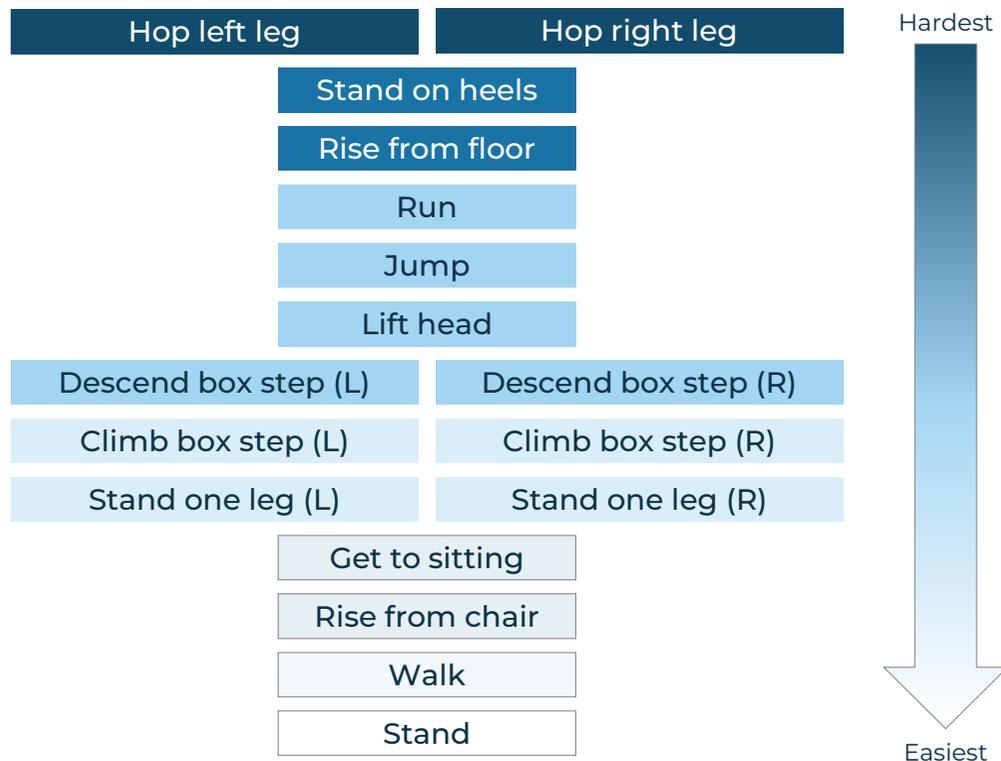


Contextualizing North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) in Becker Muscular Dystrophy

Barry Byrne, MD, PhD

NSAA: A well-established and validated measure of global function that is clinically meaningful in a real-world context

Composite evaluation of motor function across 17 tests with increasing difficulty



Each activity is scored on whether it can be completed

+2 pts	Perform normally
+1 pts	Perform with compensation due to weakness
0 pts	Cannot perform

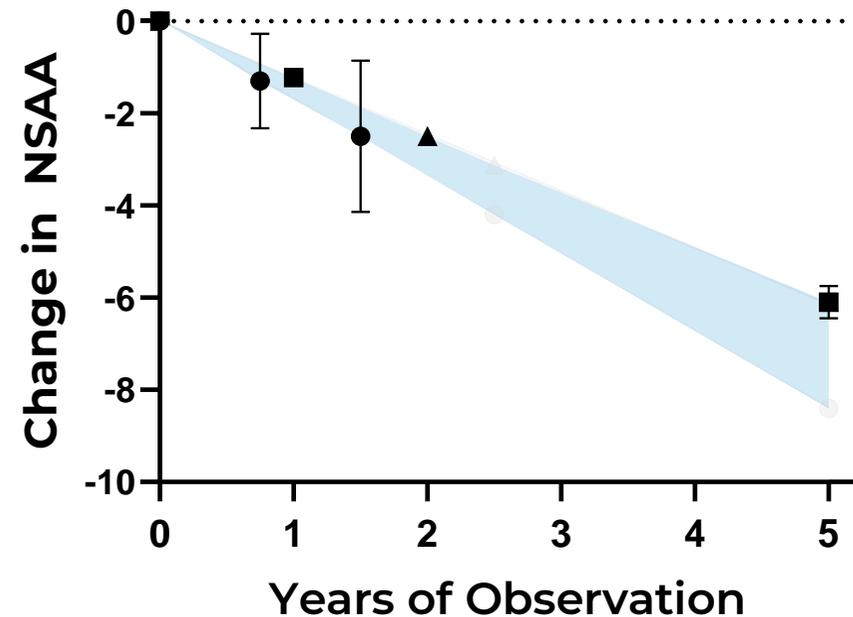
Real-world implications for Becker individuals

Measure	Activity
Jump, hop, run	Playing sports
Stand on heels	Walking on uneven ground, cycling, difficulty getting out of a chair, striding, cycling
Rise from floor	Getting up after falling, playing on the floor with children
Climb box steps	Independent outdoor mobility particularly easy tasks like stairs and sidewalk curbs
Stand on one leg	Dressing oneself, putting on shoes/socks while standing, reaching high shelves
Gets to sitting	Sitting up in bed, adjust to falls
Rise from chair	Using a toilet independently, getting out of bed, using public transportation to get around
Walk	Walking to mailbox to pick up mail, hiking, everyday mobility
Stand	Grooming, preparing meals, adapting to mobility device, transferring to chair

Analysis of NSAA data from the natural history of Becker publications

- The North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) is a multi-item scale utilized in muscular dystrophy natural history studies to longitudinally assess functional measures.
- Currently available natural history studies observe significant NSAA changes ranging from -1.2 to -2.4 average score declines over various periods of time up to 2 years in ambulatory Becker patients.^{1,2,3}
- These natural history studies in Becker patients support that NSAA decline is consistent in Becker patients who are already progressing.

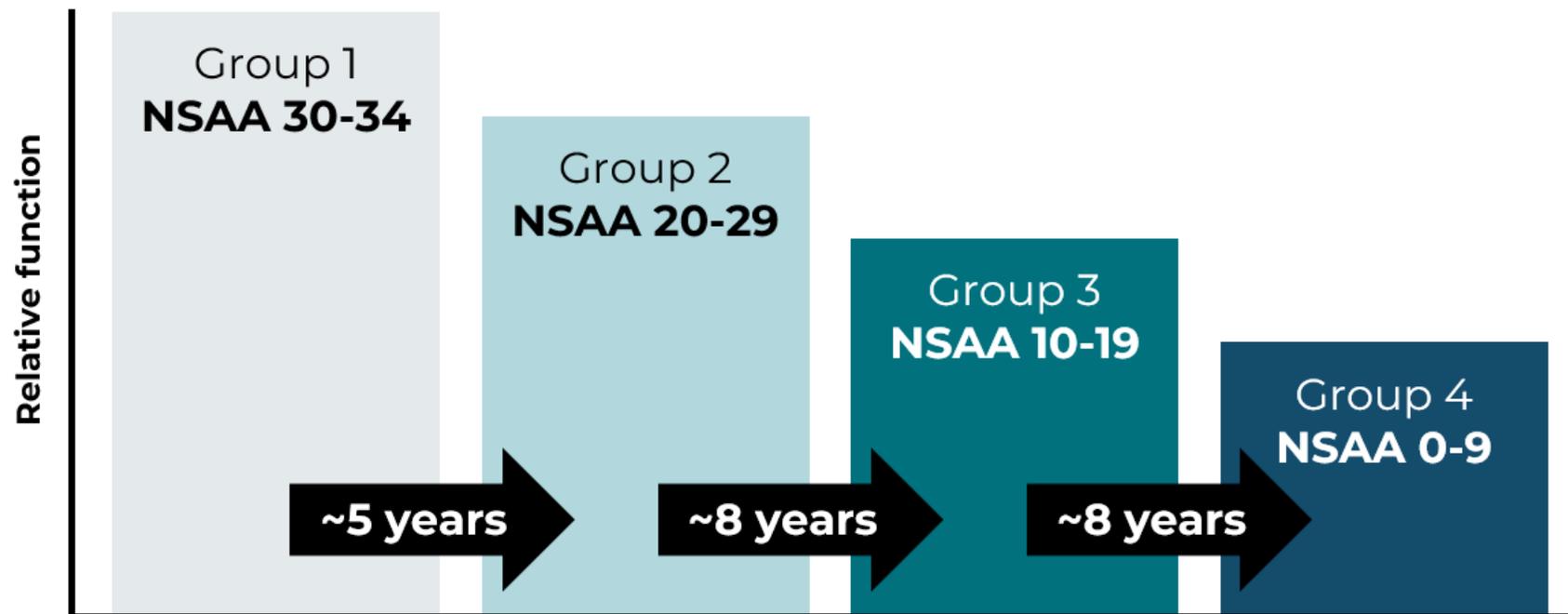
Natural history of Becker muscular dystrophy



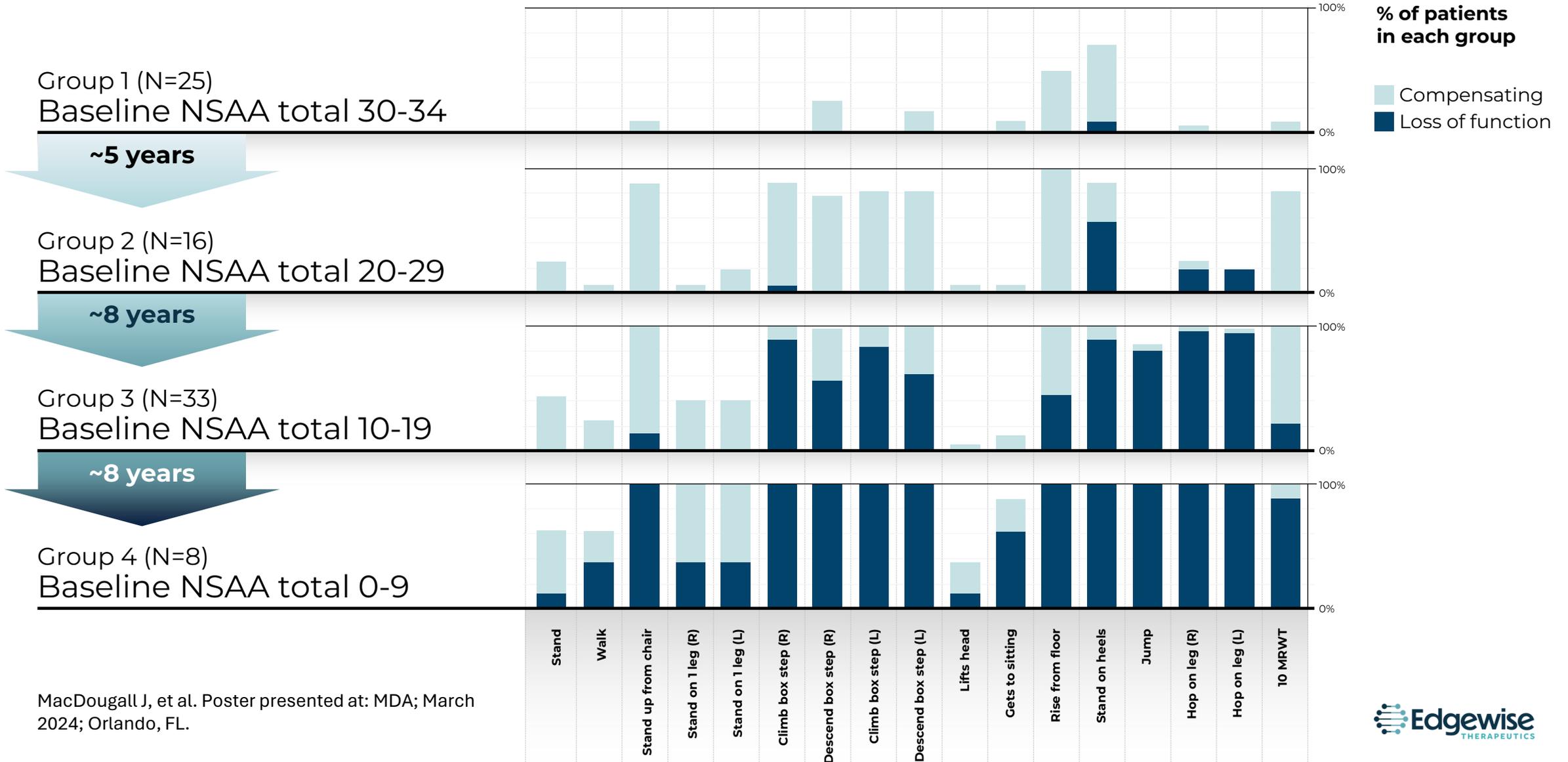
- De Wel (ambulatory)
- Bello (ambulatory, NSAA 10-32)
- ▲ Niks (ambulatory)

A cross sectional look at NSAA in Becker: Once declining, natural history shows average decrease of ~1.2 NSAA points/year

- Analysis of NSAA scores in Becker adults enrolled in Edgewise studies
 - Grouped by baseline scores: ≥ 30 , 20-29, 10-19, < 10
- What does a nominal NSAA mean to an individual with Becker?
 - At different NSAA scores, what functions are completely lost?
 - What functions require some degree of compensation because of weakness?



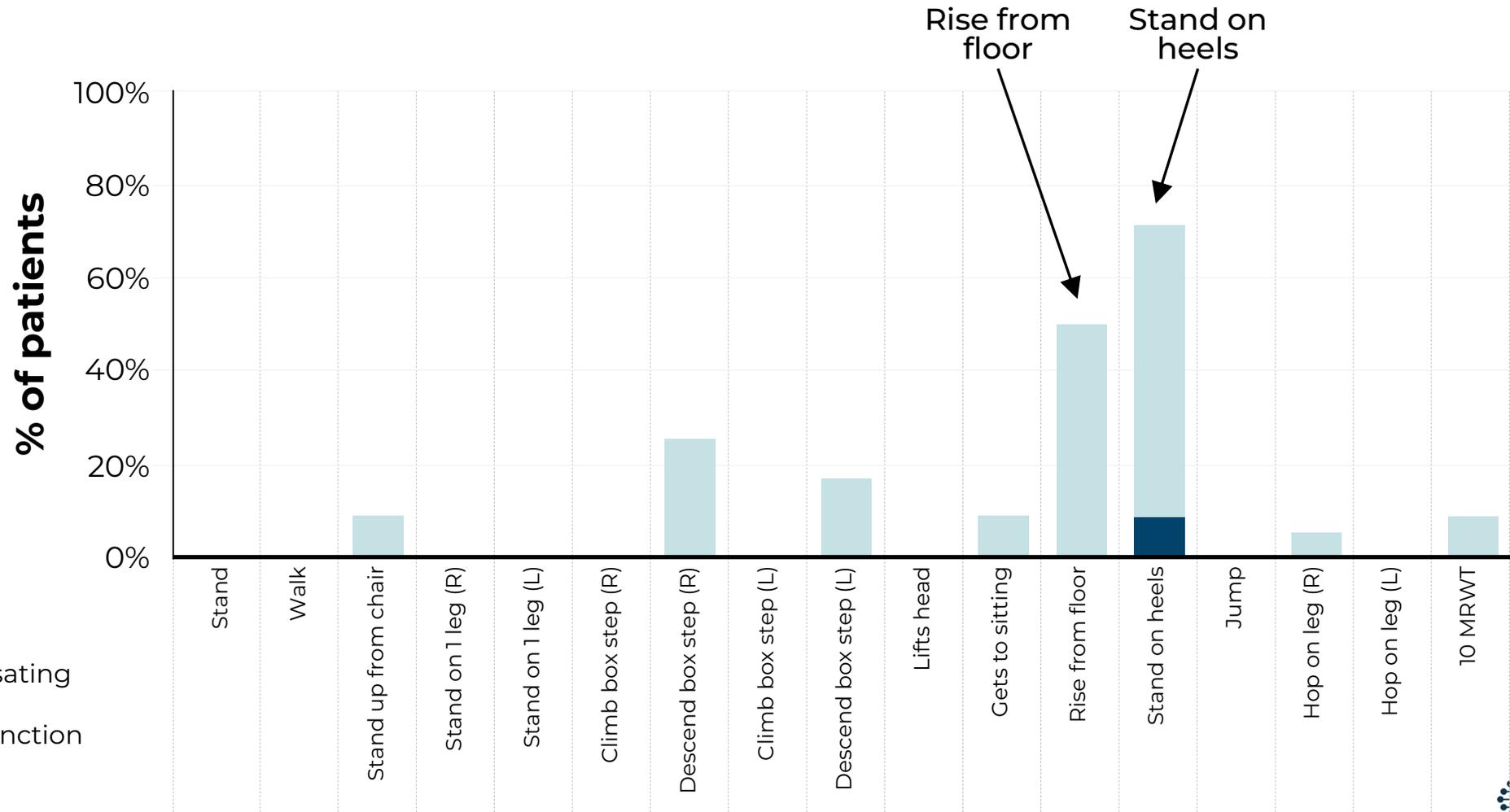
Individuals with Becker experience muscle decline compensation and rapid loss of function as NSAA scores decline



MacDougall J, et al. Poster presented at: MDA; March 2024; Orlando, FL.

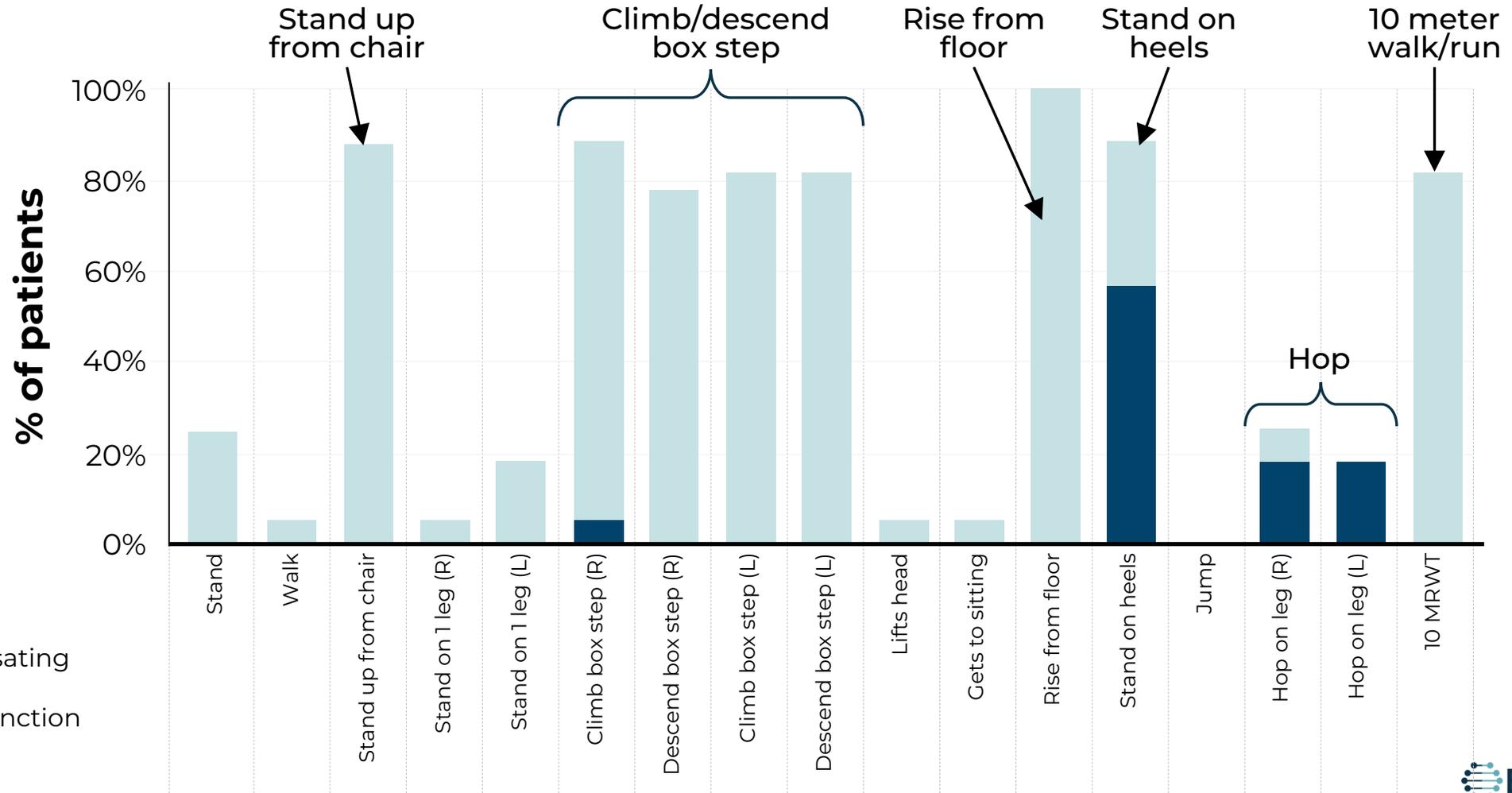
NSAA: Baseline loss of function by item in Becker patients

Becker Group 1: Baseline NSAA total 30-34 (N=25)



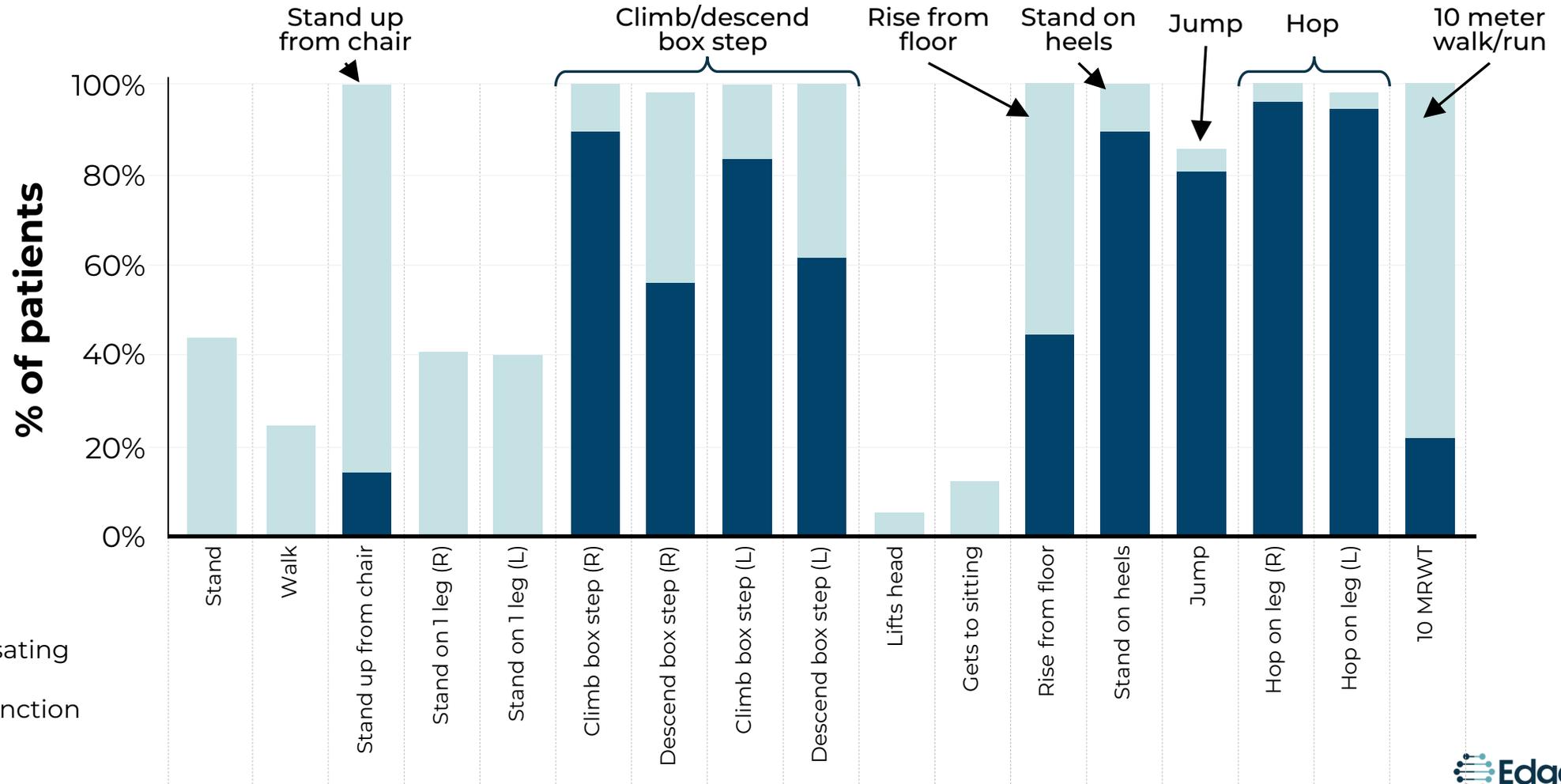
NSAA: Baseline loss of function by item in Becker patients

Becker Group 2: Baseline NSAA total 20-29 (N=16)



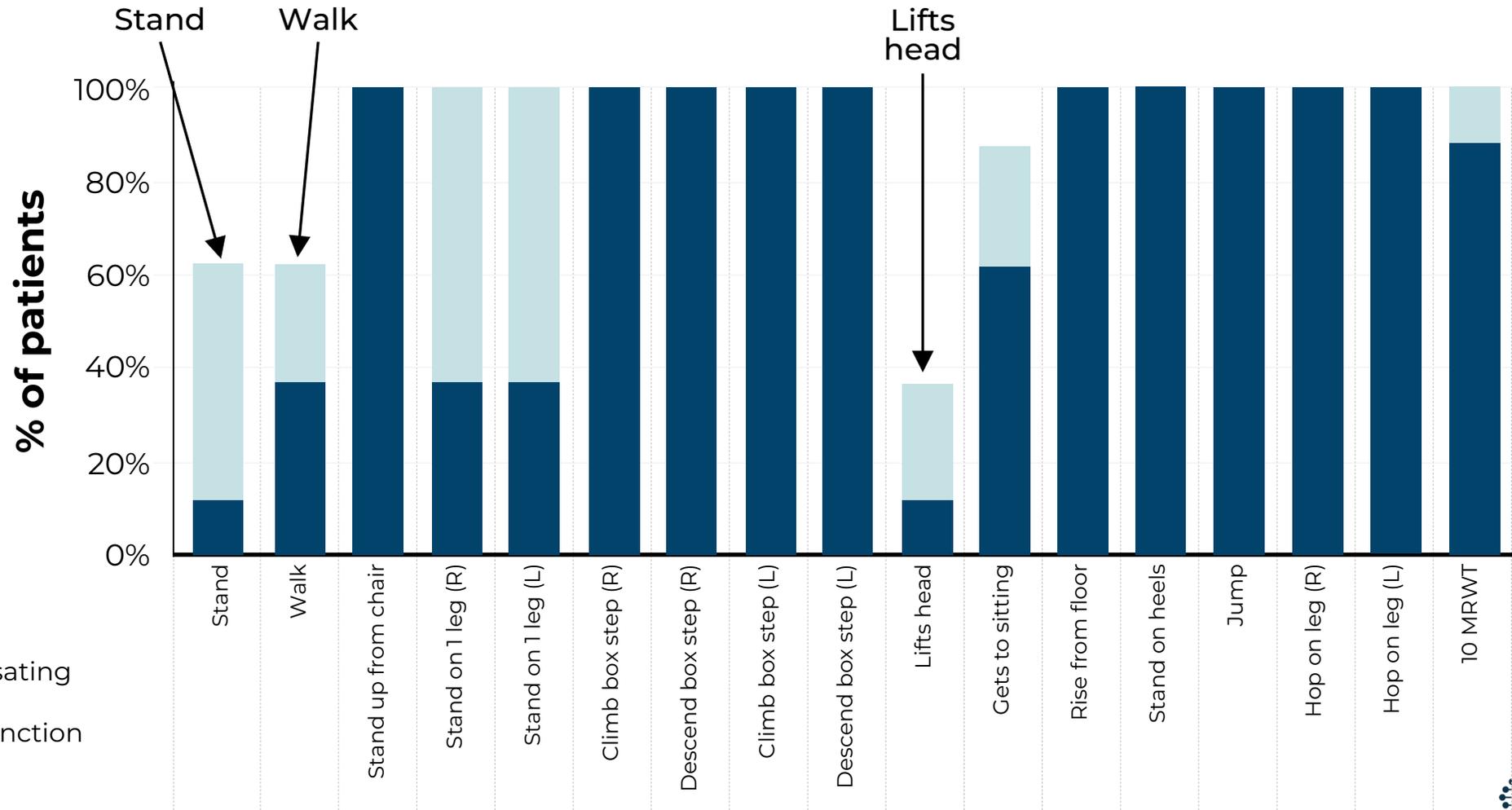
NSAA: Baseline loss of function by item in Becker patients

Becker Group 3: Baseline NSAA total 10-19 (N=33)



NSAA: Baseline loss of function by item in Becker patients

Becker Group 4: Baseline NSAA total 0-9 (N=8)



Caring for individuals with Becker

The impact of a nominal change in NSAA on daily living

Progressive Disease, Rapid Decline

Becker muscular dystrophy is a serious dystrophinopathy. Once function begins to decline, individuals continue to irreversibly lose muscle and their disease progresses.

Maintaining Function

Change in one point on NSAA is viewed as impactful on quality of life. Stabilizing function or even reducing the slope of decline is an important goal in Becker muscular dystrophy.



Effects of Sevasemten (EDG-5506) on Function and Biomarkers of Muscle Damage in Adults with Becker

Joanne Donovan, MD, PhD
Chief Medical Officer

PRIMARY OBJECTIVE

Safety & tolerability

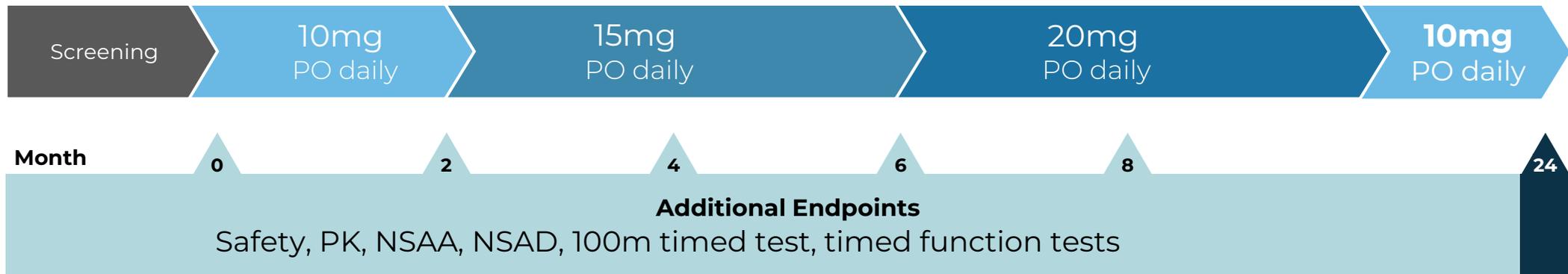
KEY INCLUSION CRITERIA

Ambulatory males aged 18 to 55 years with a dystrophin mutation and a Becker phenotype, not taking corticosteroids, who could complete 100m timed test

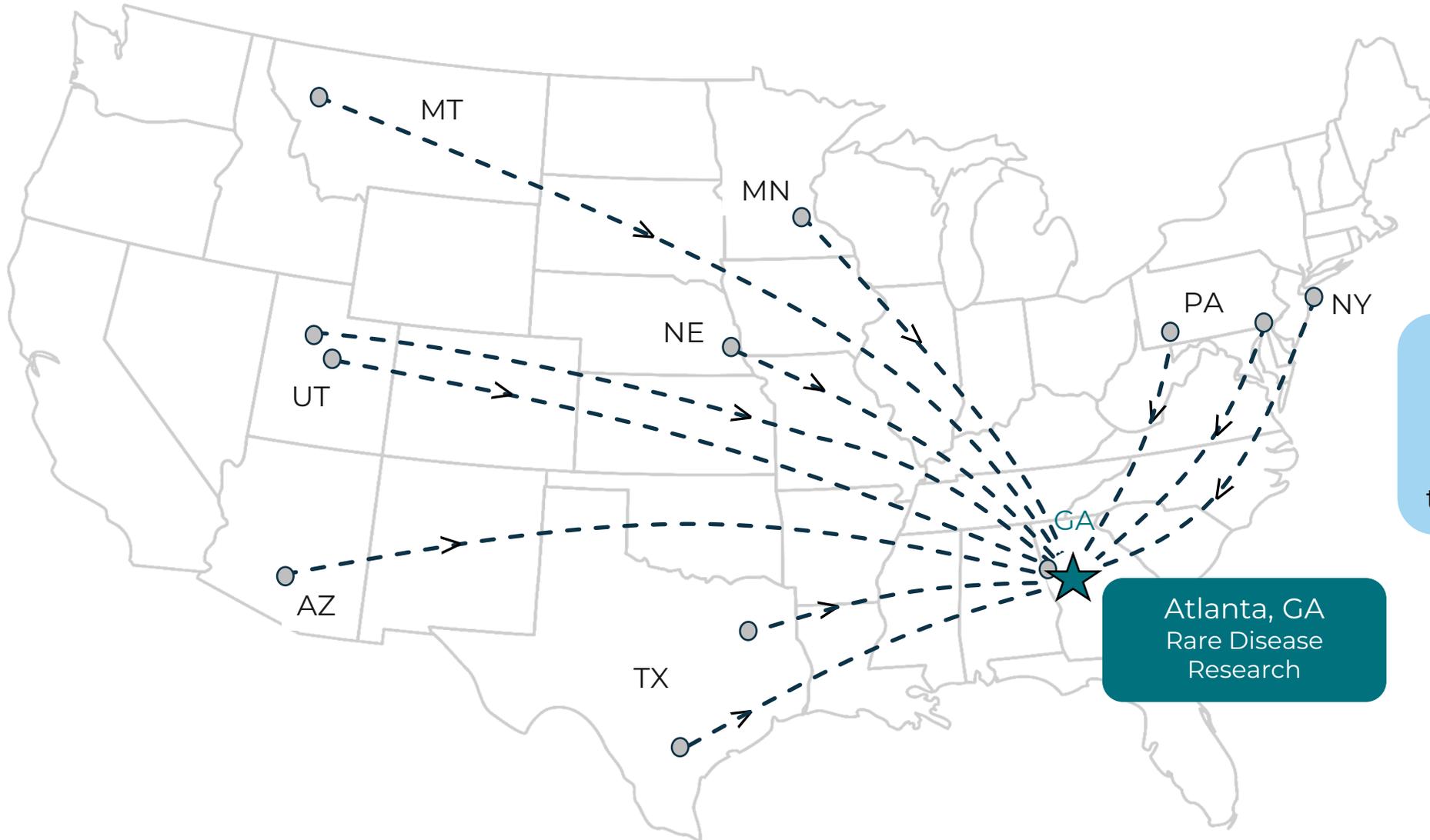
PATIENTS ENROLLED

12

Study design - 24 months



Desire for therapeutics in Becker exemplified by distance travelled by ARCH Patients



Over the course of two years, ARCH participants traveled **190,000 miles** to participate in the study

Atlanta, GA
Rare Disease
Research

CHARACTERISTIC	BECKER PARTICIPANTS (n=12)	AGE NORMATIVE VALUES
Age (SD)	33 (8) years	–
Functional Measures (median)		
<i>10-meter walk/run</i>	8.4 sec	< 4 sec
<i>Rise from floor</i>	6/12 could perform	< 3 sec
NSAA	15.5 (range 4-31)	–
Serum Creatinine (mean, mg/dL)	0.44	0.92 - 1.16
Serum CK (mean, U/L)	1,390	<210
DXA % Lean Mass	55%	>75%

Adults with similar baseline NSAA scores expected to decrease by 1.2 points per year^{2,3}

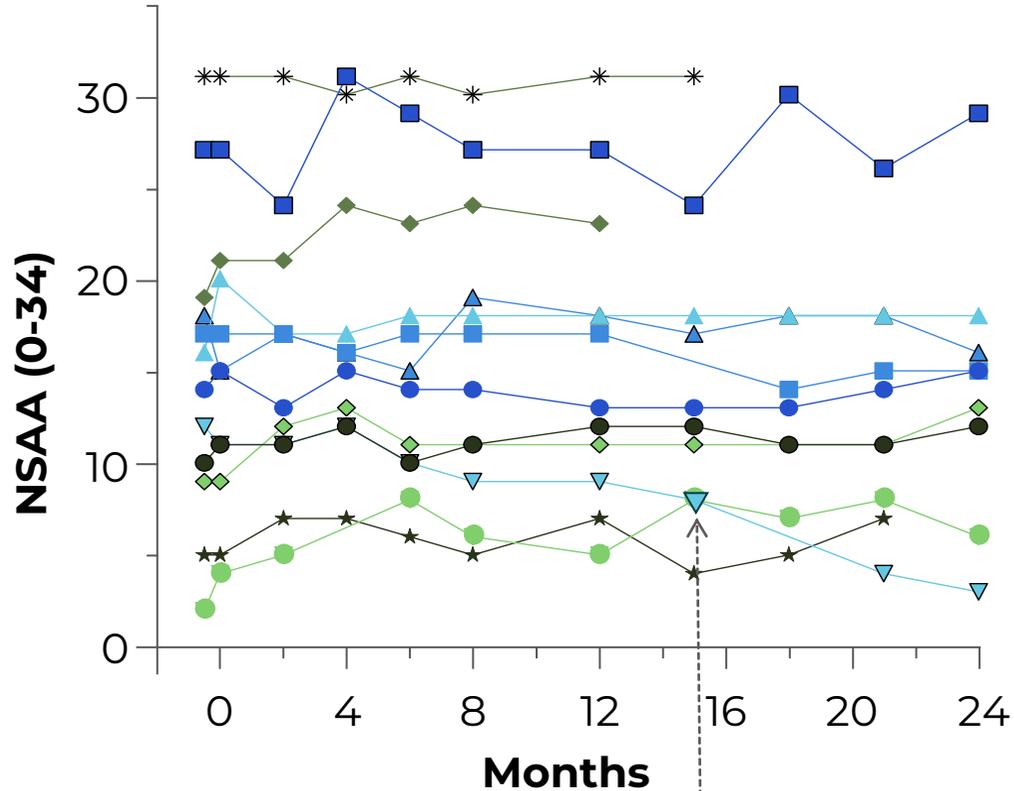
Abbreviations: DXA, dual energy x-ray absorptiometry
 Reference: 1. Data on file 2. Bello L, et al. Sci Rep. 2016. 3. Van de Velde NM, et al. Neurology. 2021.

Treatment Emergent AE (seen in >1 subject)	After One Year	After Two Years
COVID-19	4	5
Fall*	3	4
Dizziness	4	4
Arthralgia	4	4
Nasopharyngitis	3	3
URI	3	3
Procedural pain	2	3
Headache	3	3
Somnolence	3	3
GERD	2	3
Influenza	2	3
Sinusitis	2	2

- No dose reductions or adjustments
- No treatment discontinuations due to AEs
- No SAE
- Withdrawals:
 - 3 (2 of whom are planning to enroll in separate open-label extensions)

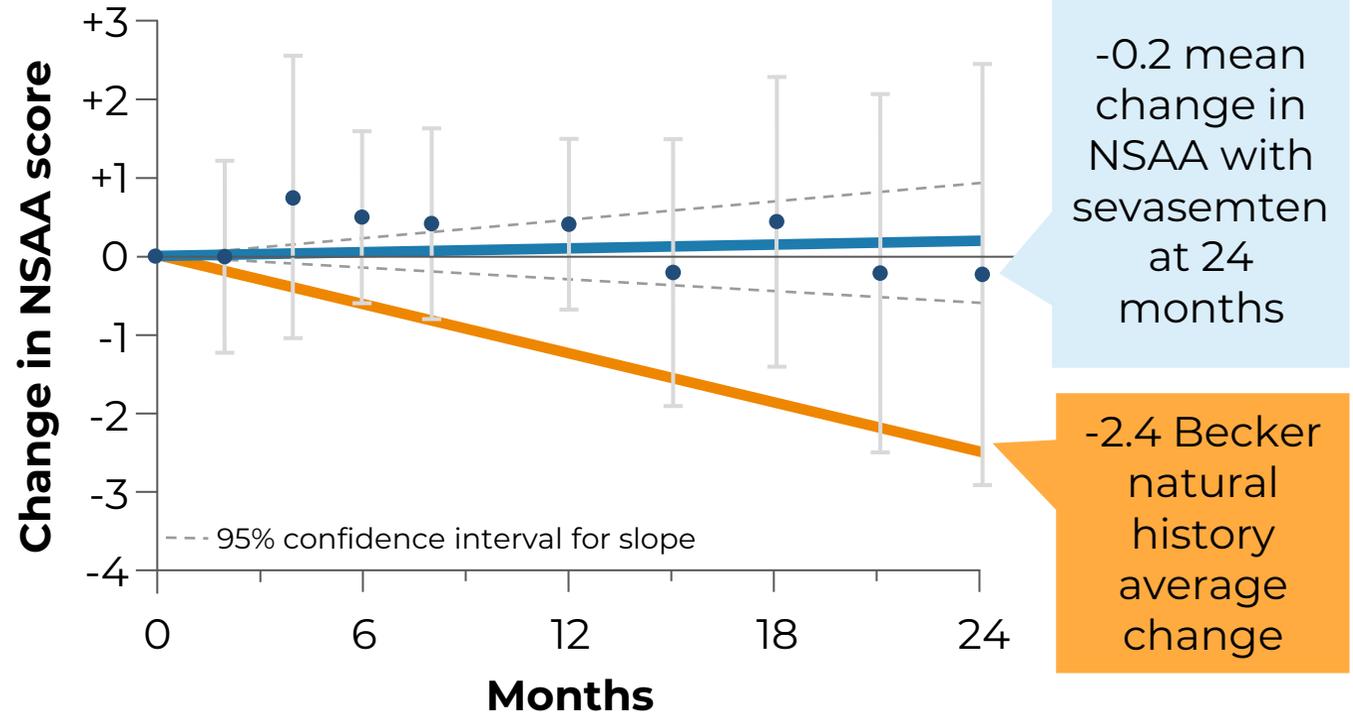
*Falls are typical for Becker patients and are not related to dizziness
 AEs, adverse events; SAE, serious adverse events
 Reference: Data on File

NSAA responses



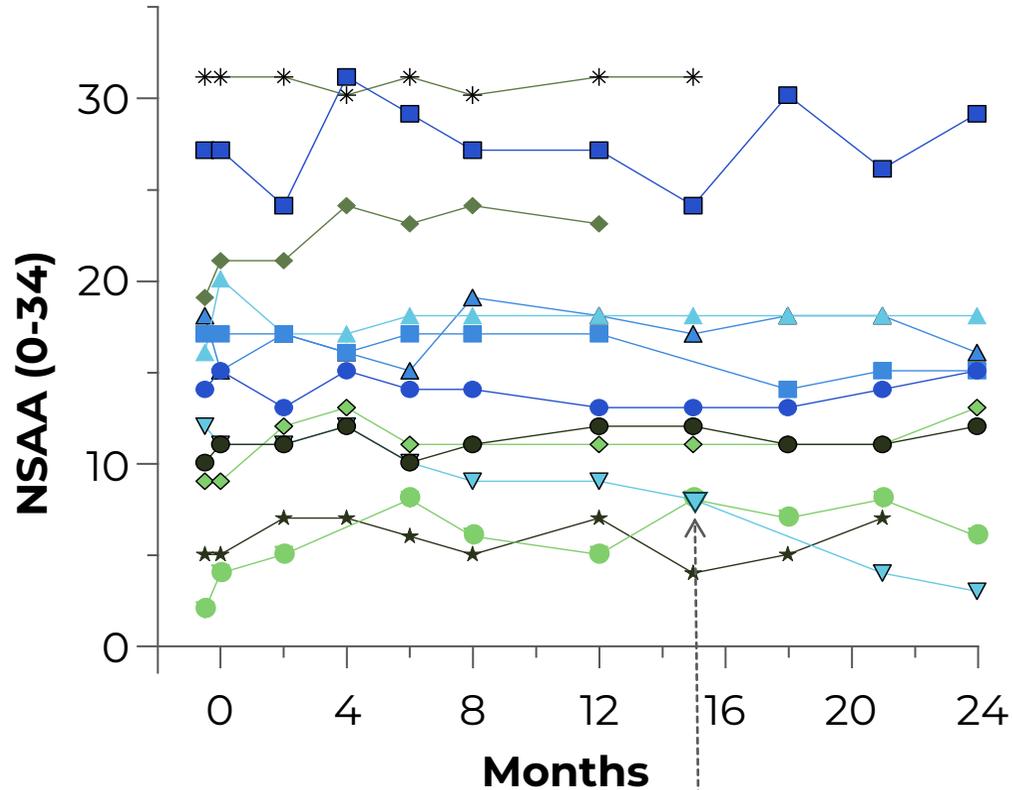
NOTE: ▽ patient had meniscal tear and surgery after month 15

NSAA change*



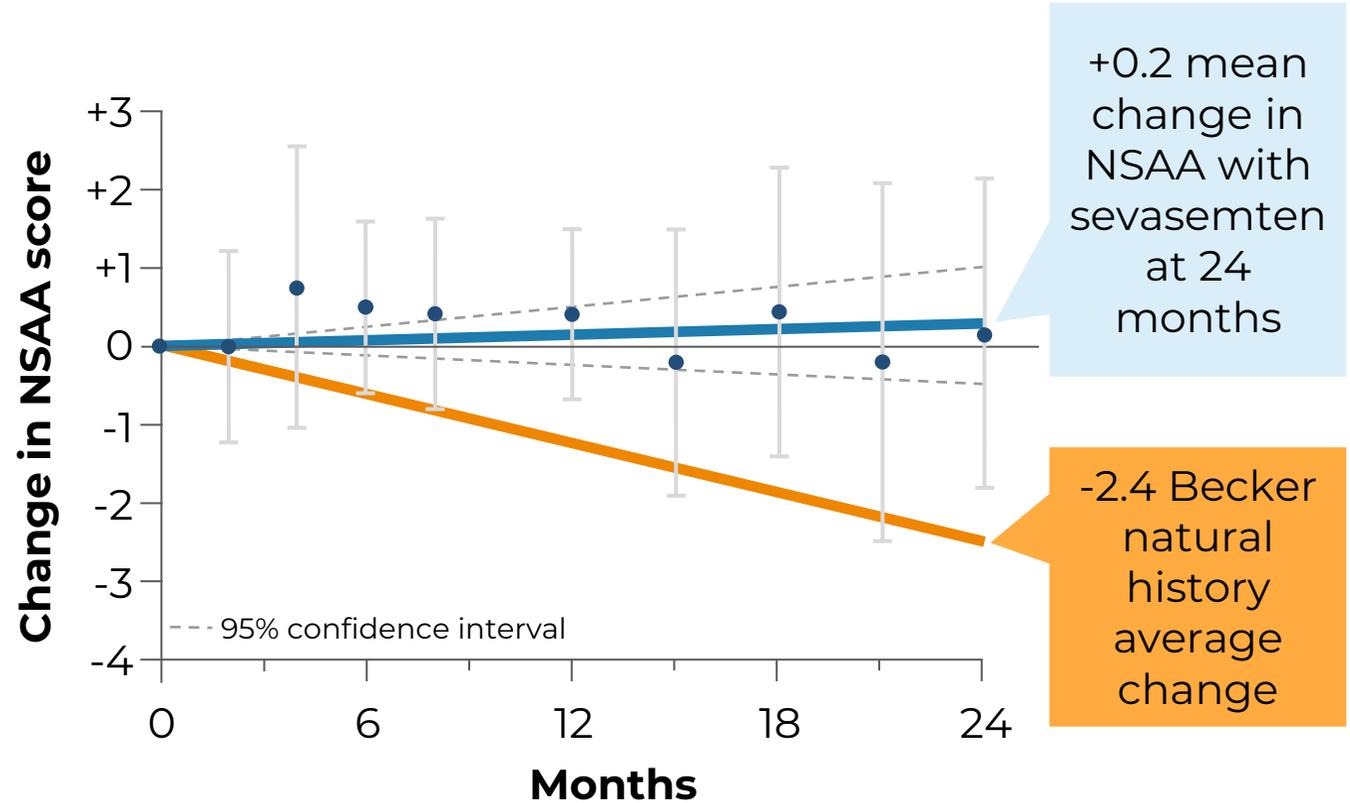
*All data through 24m, including patient recovering from meniscus surgery
 Natural history based on data presented by Bello at MDA (2022) and van de Velde NM et. al., Neurology, 2021
 Mean ± 95% confidence intervals
 Abbreviations: NSAA, North Star Ambulatory Assessment

NSAA responses



NOTE: ▽ patient had meniscal tear and surgery after month 15

NSAA change*

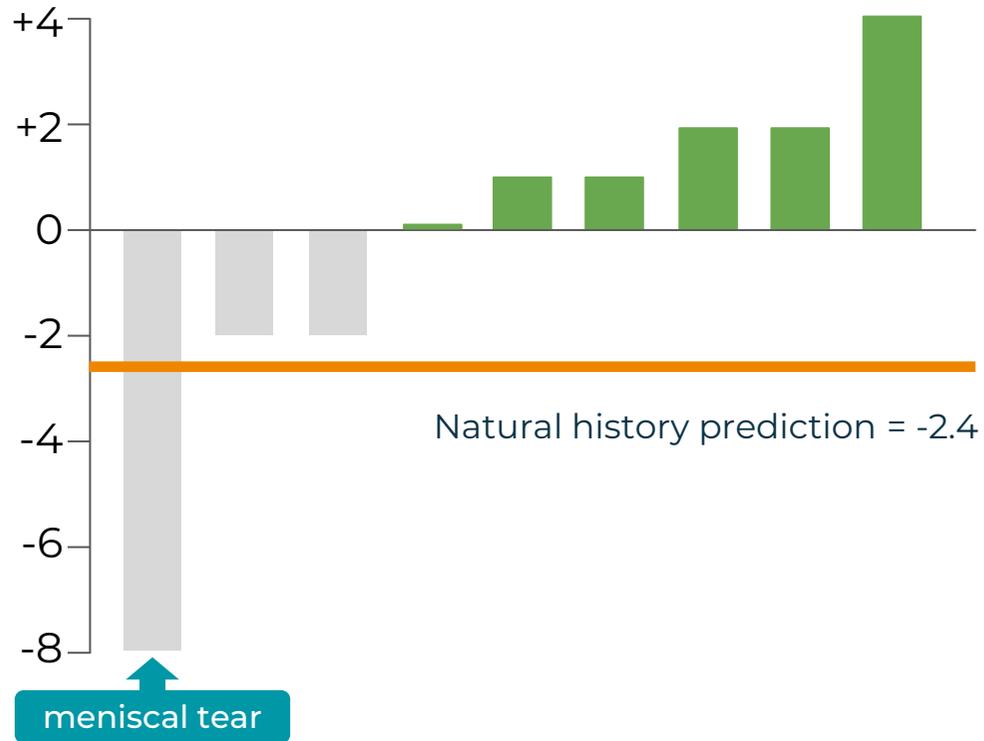


+0.2 mean change in NSAA with sevasekten at 24 months

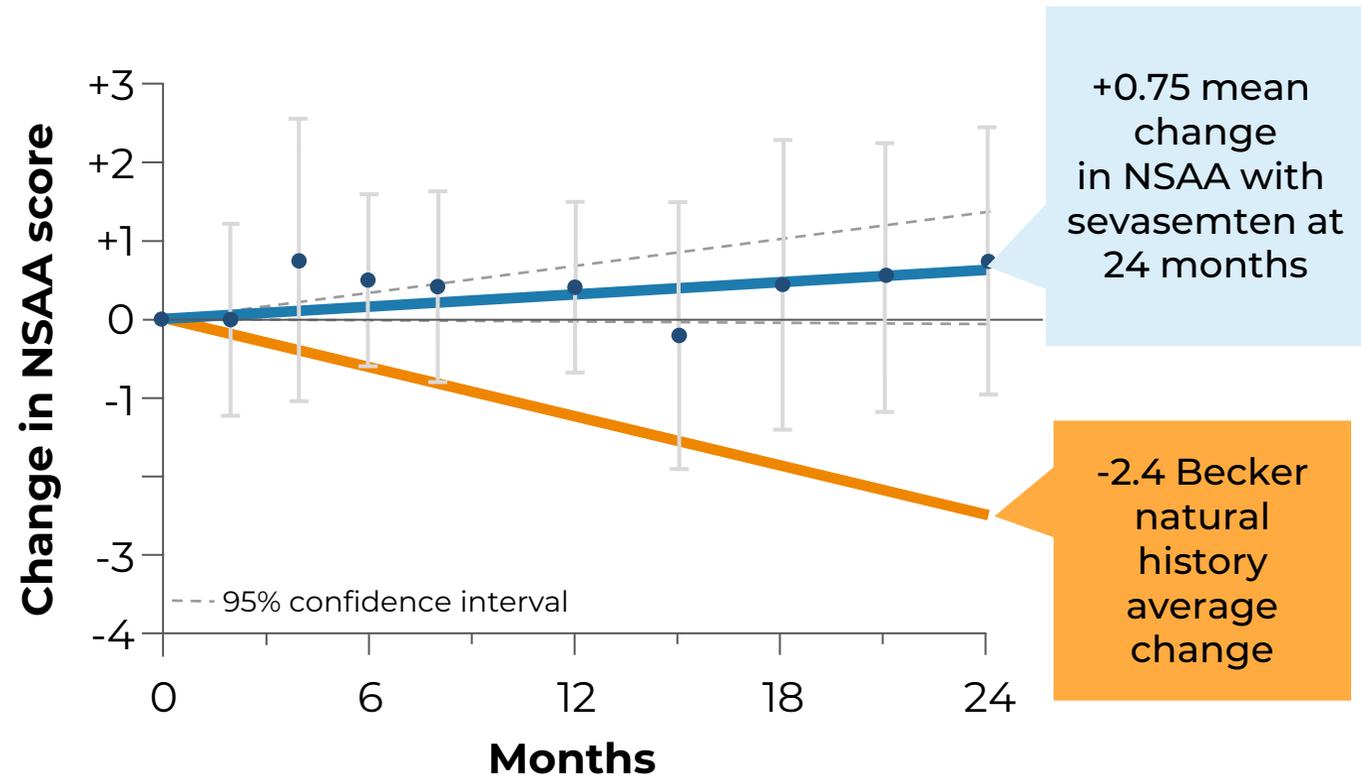
-2.4 Becker natural history average change

*All data through 24 months, including participant who is recovering from meniscus surgery, LOCF to 24 months only
 Natural history based on data presented by Bello at MDA (2022) and van de Velde NM et. al., Neurology, 2021
 Mean ± 95% CI; Abbreviations: NSAA, North Star Ambulatory Assessment
 Reference: Data on file

Individual ARCH participant NSAA responses at 24 months**



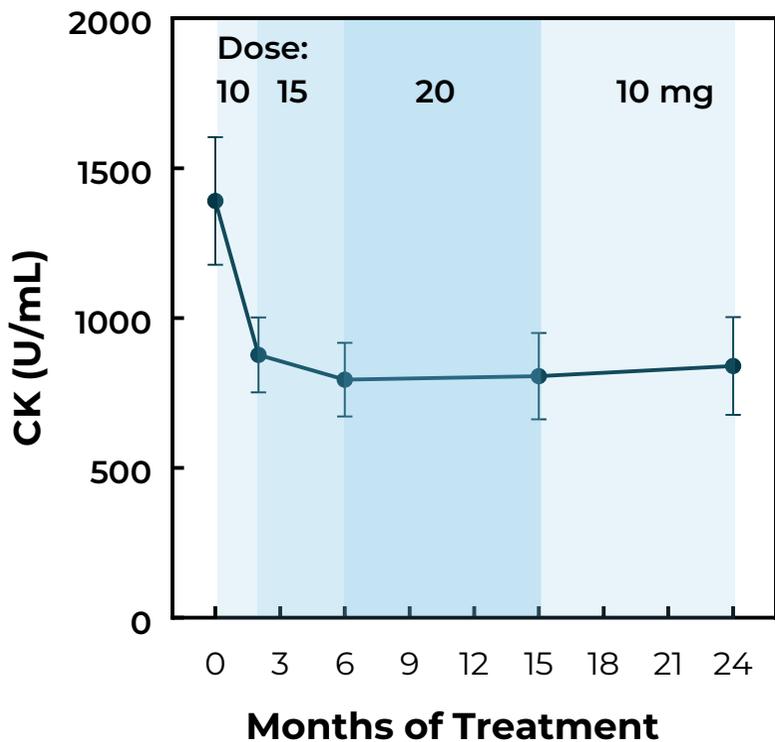
NSAA change*



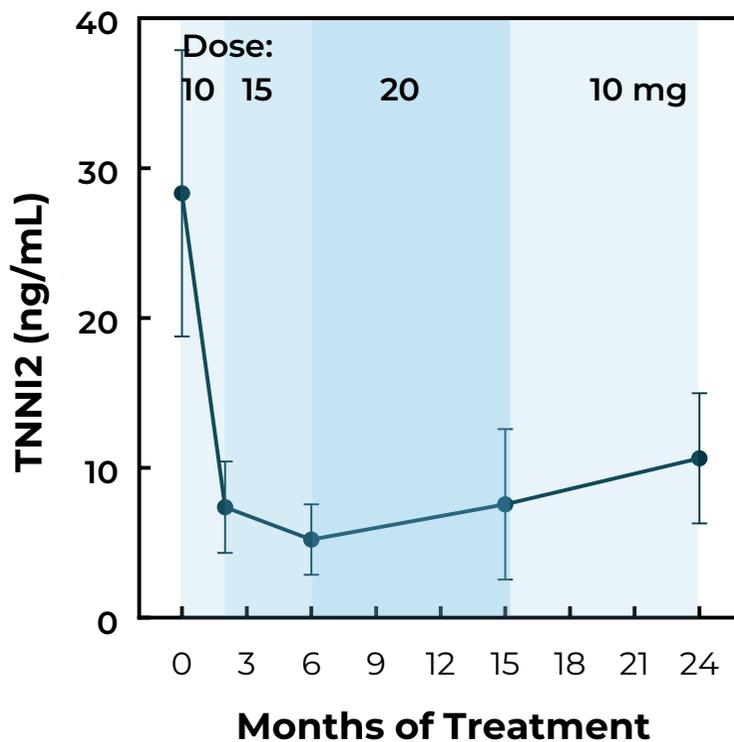
N=9 with data at 24 months (3 withdrawal, 1 knee surgery)

Natural history based on data presented by Bello at MDA (2022) and van de Velde NM et. al., Neurology, 2021
 Mean ± 95% CI; Abbreviations: NSAA, North Star Ambulatory Assessment
 Reference: Data on file

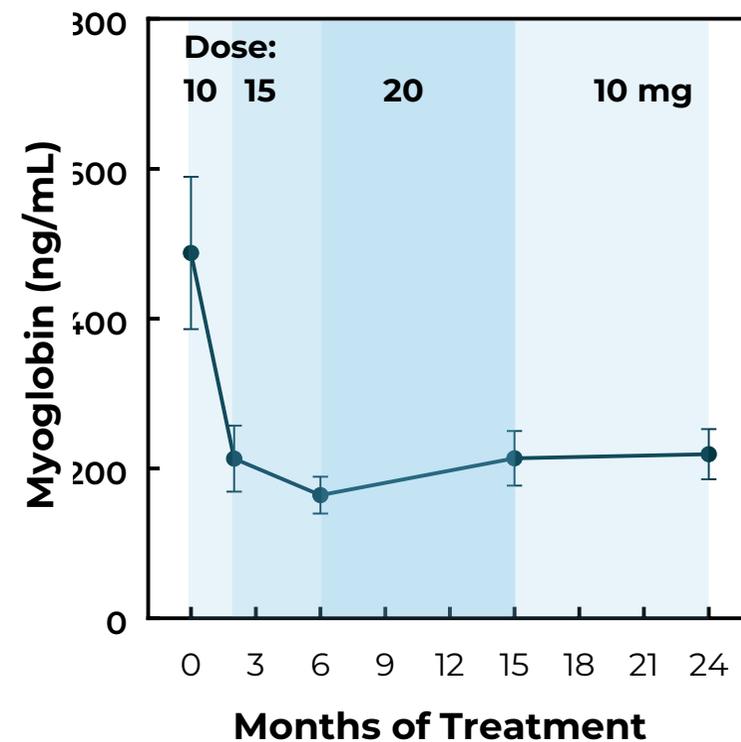
Creatine Kinase (CK)



Fast skeletal muscle troponin I (TNNI2)

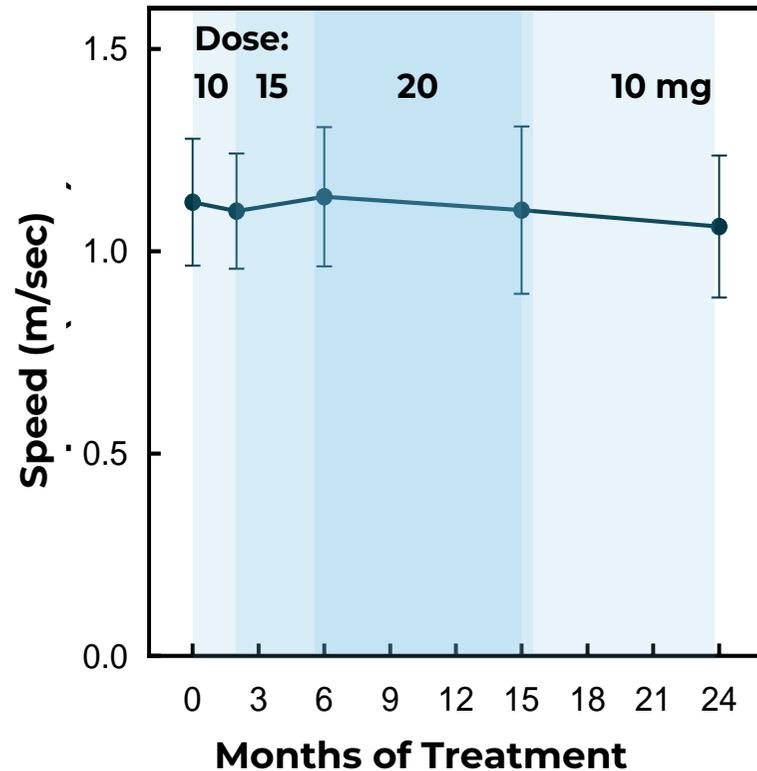


Myoglobin

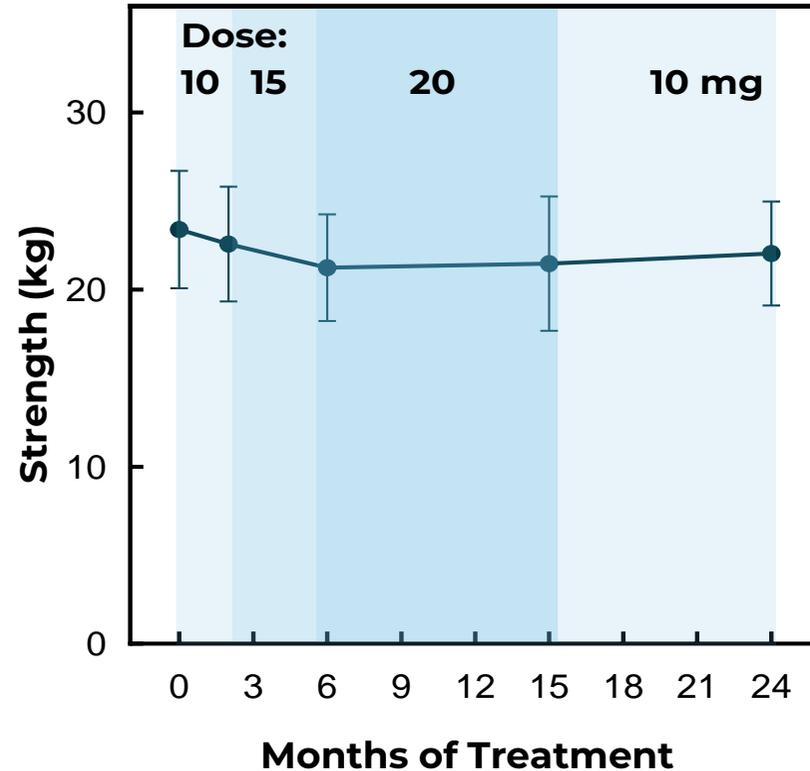


Mean ± SEM
Reference: Data on File

100-Meter Timed Test Velocity



Maximum Grip Strength



Safety

Well-tolerated at all doses

Biomarkers

Demonstration of **rapid, sustained and significant decreases** in multiple biomarkers of muscle damage

Function

Stabilization of functional assessments with trends toward improvement

Pivotal dose identified

Maximal biomarker response at 10 mg dose
PK/PD supportive of **10 mg dose for pivotal cohort**

ARCH informed the design of GRAND CANYON, which is potentially registrational

Topline data from CANYON is anticipated in Q4

PRIMARY ENDPOINT

CK at 12 months

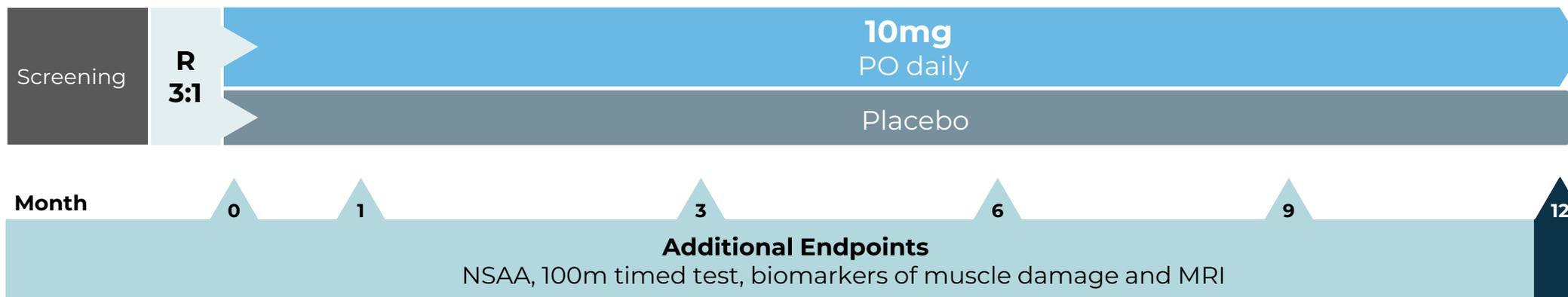
KEY INCLUSION CRITERIA

Adult individuals with Becker with NSAA 5-32, not on corticosteroids

ENROLLMENT

40

Study design - 12 months



- CANYON data may allow refinement of the statistical analysis plan of the GRAND CANYON pivotal cohort to optimize trial success
- Positive data from CANYON may support pathway to explore early approval of sevasemten for Becker
 - Statistically significant changes in biomarkers of muscle damage and strong trends / statistically meaningful changes in secondary endpoints, including NSAA (with confirmatory GRAND CANYON ongoing)

Topline data from CANYON anticipated in: **4Q24**

POTENTIAL REGISTRATIONAL TRIAL

PRIMARY ENDPOINT

NSAA at
18 months

KEY INCLUSION CRITERIA

Adult individuals with
Becker with NSAA 5-32,
not on corticosteroids

TARGET ENROLLMENT

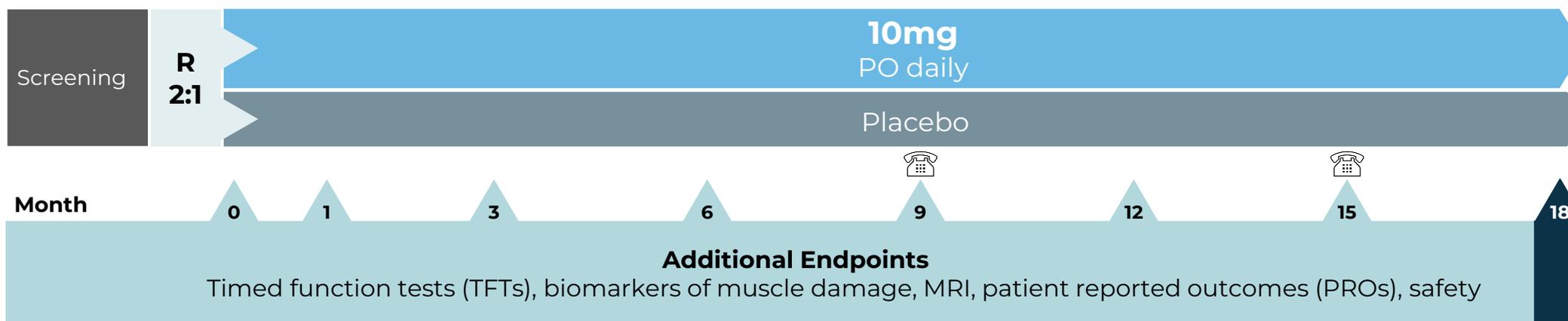
120

POWERED AT

>90%

for observing a difference
corresponding to the natural
history NSAA decline of 1.2
points/year

Study design - 18 months



We aim to change the lives of individuals with Becker

NUMBER OF
APPROVED
BECKER THERAPIES

0

AGE AT WHICH BECKER PATIENTS CAN BECOME WHEELCHAIR
OR OTHER MOBILITY DEVICE DEPENDENT

>16 years of age

ESTABLISHED
TREATMENT CENTERS
WITH NEUROMUSCULAR
SPECIALISTS

>80%

of physicians surveyed
will reach out to their
Becker patients
previously lost to follow-
up if sevasemten is
approved

NUMBER OF BECKER PATIENTS IN US, EU-5, & JAPAN

~12,000

Additionally, Duchenne gene therapies are creating a “new” population of Becker-like patients with significant remaining unmet need

Well-capitalized to execute important milestones across both sevasemten and EDG-7500

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS &
MARKETABLE SECURITIES

\$550M

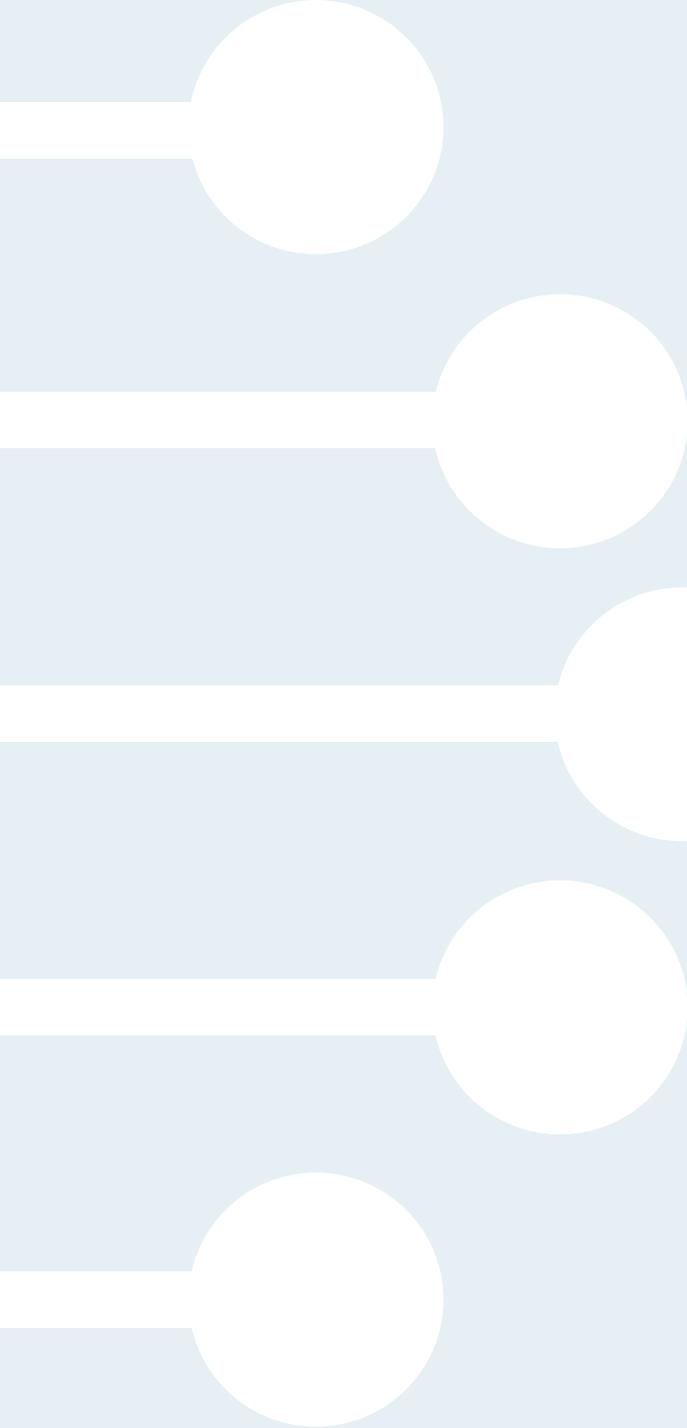
DEBT

\$0

COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING
(NASDAQ: EWTX)

93M

CASH RUNWAY THROUGH 2027



Thank You